

INFORMATION FILED: November 26, 1948, Eastern District of South Carolina against Claude Dinkins, trading as the Manning Milling Co., Manning, S. C.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about June 30 and July 2, 6, 9, and 15, 1948, from the State of South Carolina into the State of Georgia.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insect heads, insect fragments, rodent hair fragments, whole insects, and rodent excreta fragments; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: July 17, 1949. A plea of guilty having been entered, the defendant was fined \$1,000.

14517. Adulteration of corn meal. U. S. v. 67 Bags, etc. (F. D. C. No. 25082. Sample No. 768-K.)

LIBEL FILED: July 13, 1948, Southern District of Florida.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about June 23, 1948, by the Happyvale Flour Mills, from Fort Valley, Ga.

PRODUCT: Corn meal. 67 unlabeled 100-pound bags, 2,000 24-ounce bags, and 900 5-pound bags at Jacksonville, Fla.

LABEL, IN PART: (Portion) "Everfresh Sanson Water Ground Style Meal."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent excreta, rodent hairs, and insect parts.

DISPOSITION: August 26, 1948. The Griffin Grocery Co., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond for conversion into animal feed, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

14518. Adulteration of corn meal. U. S. v. 244 Bags * * *. (F. D. C. No. 26573. Sample Nos. 46239-K, 46240-K.)

LIBEL FILED: February 26, 1949, Western District of Arkansas; amended March 4, 1949.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about January 7, 1949, by the Durant Milling Co., from Durant, Okla.

PRODUCT: 244 5-pound bags and 285 10-pound bags of corn meal at Ashdown, Ark.

LABEL, IN PART: "DMCO Bolted White Corn Meal."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects, insect fragments, and rodent hair fragments; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: April 4, 1949. Default decree of condemnation. The product was ordered delivered to a Federal institution, for use as animal feed.

14519. Adulteration of corn meal. U. S. v. 13 Bales * * *. (F. D. C. No. 26572. Sample No. 46237-K.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about February 25, 1949, Eastern District of Texas,

olina, ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about December 17, 1948, by the Durant Milling Co.,
S. C. from Durant, Okla.
from PRODUCT: 13 bales, each containing 10 5-pound bags, of corn meal at De Kalb,
Tex.
ed in LABEL, IN PART: "Red Warrior Bolted White Corn Meal."
isec NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in
ents whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects,
tion insect fragments, rodent excreta, and rodent hair fragments, which rendered
the product unfit for human consumption; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been
dam prepared, packed, and held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have
become contaminated with filth.
108 DISPOSITION: March 28, 1949. Default decree of condemnation. The product
was ordered delivered to a Federal institution, for use as animal feed.

14520. Adulteration of corn meal. U. S. v. 35 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No.
24680. Sample No. 18955-K.)

LIBEL FILED: June 14, 1948, Southern District of Indiana.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about December 5, 1947, by the Quaker Oats Co.,
from Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

PRODUCT: 35 cases, each containing 24 1-pound, 8-ounce boxes, of corn meal
at Evansville, Ind.

LABEL, IN PART: "Quaker Yellow Corn Meal."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in
whole or in part of a decomposed substance.

DISPOSITION: September 24, 1948. Default decree of forfeiture and destruction.

FLOUR *

Nos. 14521 to 14530 report actions involving flour that was insect- or rodent-
infested, or both. (In those cases in which the time of contamination was known,
that fact is stated in the notice of judgment.) The flour reported in Nos. 14530
and 14531 failed to meet the standard for enriched flour.

14521. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 320 Bags * * *. (F. D. C. No. 25883.
Sample No. 32494-K.)

LIBEL FILED: October 29, 1948, District of Nevada.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about January 28, 1948, from Salt Lake City, Utah.

PRODUCT: 320 50-pound bags of flour at Ely, Nev., in the possession of Nevada
Feed & Livestock.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in
whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent urine;
and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby
it may have become contaminated with filth, because of the presence of rodent
pellets and rodent urine on the bags. The product was adulterated while held
for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: December 3, 1948. Default decree of condemnation and destruc-
tion.

*See also No. 14552.